

Model 5328B General Information

# Table 1-1. Model 5328B Specifications

# INPUT CHARACTERISTICS (Channel A and B)

DC Coupled: 0 to 100 MHz AC Coupled: 20 Hz to 100 MHz

AC Coupled (500): 200 kHz to 100 MHz

Common A: 0 to 10 MHz

Sensitivity (x 1):

0 to 40 MHz Sine wave: 25 mV rms 40 MHz to 100 MHz Sine wave: 50 mV rms

5 ns Pulse: 140 mV p-p Dynamic Range (x 1):

0 to 40 MHz: 71 mV to 3 V p-p

40 MHz to 100 MHz: 141 mV to 1.5 V μ-p

Signal Operating Range (x 1, DC): ± 2.5 V DC Trigger Level Range (x 1):

Preset: 0V NOMINAL Adjustable: ± 2.5 V

Useable Range: 20% to 80% of Signal Amplitude

Coupling: AC or DC, Switchable

Impedance:

Separate: 1 MΩ NOMINAL shunted with <100 pF, or 50Ω

NOMINAL, switchable

Common: 500 kΩ NOMINAL, shunted with <150 pF, or 50Ω.

NOMINAL, switchable

Attenuators (NOMINAL): \* 1, \* 10, Switchable Slope: Independent + or - Slope, Switchable Channel Input: Separate, Common A or Check

Damage Level:

1 MΩ, x 1, DC Coupled:

DC to 50 kHz ......250 V rms

50 kHz to 2.5 MHz .......1.25 × 107 V rms/Freq

2.5 MHz to 100 MHz ....... 5 V rms

1 MΩ, x 10, DC Coupled:

DC to 500 kHz ......250 V rms

25 to 100 MHz ...... 5 V cms

AC Coupled:

20 Hz to 100 MHz ........Same as DC coupled.

50Ω Position:

DC to 100 MHz ......5 V rms

## **CROSS TALK**

Measurements made above 20 MHz with input signals applied to both channels may be affected by cross talk. During dual channel measurements, input signals with similar amplitudes greater than 75mV (nominal) are recommended for both channels.

## FREQUENCY A MEASUREMENT

Range: 0 to 100 MHz, Direct Count

LSD\*\* Displayed: 1 MHz to 0.1 Hz in decade steps

Resolution: Same as LSD\*\*

Accuracy: ± Resolution, ± Time Base Error × Freq

# PERIOD A MEASUREMENT

**Range:**  $100 \text{ ns to } 1 \times 10^7 \text{ s}$ 

LSD\*\* Displayed: 10 ns to 0.1 s in decade steps

 $^{ imes}$  Resolution:  $\pm$  LSD  $^{ullet}$   $\pm$  Trigger Error  $^{ullet}$ 

Accuracy: 

Resolution, 

Time Base Error 

Period

### PERIOD AVERAGE A MEASUREMENT

Range: '300 ns to 1 × 107 s

LSD\*\* Displayed:

10 ns

Number of Periods Averaged

## Resolution:

Trigger Error\*\*

± LSD ± Number of Periods Averaged

Accuracy:  $\pm$  Resolution,  $\pm$  Time Base Error  $\times$  Period

#### TIME INTERVAL A TO B MEASUREMENTS

Range:  $10 \text{ ns to } 1 \times 107 \text{ s}$ 

Minimum Pulse Width: 10 ns

LSD\*\* Displayed: 10 ns to 0.1 s in decade steps

Resolution: ± LSD\*\* ± Trigger Error\*\* ± Trigger Level Timing

Accuracy:  $\pm$  Resolution,  $\pm$  Time Base Error  $\times$  L.L.

# TIME INTERVAL AVERAGE A TO B MEASUREMENTS

No more than one STOP pulse allowed for each START pulse, otherwise measurement scaling will occur.

Range: 0.1 ns to 1 s LSD\*\* Displayed:

10 ns √ Number of Intervals Averaged

#### Resolution:

Trigger Error\*\*

± LSD\*\* ±√ Number of Intervals Averaged ±Trigger Level Error\*\* ±10 ps

Accuracy:  $\pm$  Resolution,  $\pm$  2 ns  $\pm$  Time Base Error  $\times$  T.i.

Minimum Pulse Width: 10 ns

Minimum Dead Time: 40 ns (10 MHz maximum repetition rate)

### RATIO MEASUREMENTS

Note — The ratio of the frequency at B (or C for C/A Function when Option 031 is installed) to the frequency at A is measured for N counts of A, where N is selected by the resolution switch (N=1 to  $1 \times 10^7$  in decade steps).

Range: A: 0 to 10 MHz, 8: 0 to 100 MHz

C: 90 MHz to 1300 MHz (Option 031)

# LSD\*\* Displayed:

1 partin 
$$\frac{B}{A} \times N \cdot (or \frac{C}{A} \times N)$$

Resolution: + LSD

Accuracy: ± Resolution, + Trigger Error\*\* of A × Frequency of

B (or C)  $(N \ge 1)$ 

(For N = 1, add  $\pm$  12 ns  $\times$  Frequency of B (or C)

### TOTALIZING AND SCALING MEASUREMENTS

Start A: Totalizes A/N, where A is the number of events on input A and N is the scaling factor as selected on the resolution switch  $(N = 1 \text{ to } 1 \times 10^7 \text{ in decade steps})$ . The scaled output (A/N) is available at the rear panel time base output. For N > 1

N = 10 to 100 MHz N > 10 to 10 MHz

- Specifications describe the instrument's warranted performance. Supplemental characteristics are intended to provide information useful in applying the instrument by giving TYPICAL or NOMINAL but nonwarranted performance parameters.
- See notes/definitions section for further information.

#### **GENERAL**

Display: 8 digit LED display (Standard) 9 digit LED display (Option 031)

Blanking: Suppresses leading zeros.

Storage: Holds reading between measurements but can be overriden by rear panel switch.

Sample Rate: Variable from less than 2 ms between measurements to infinity (hold).

Gate Time: For frequency measurements, gate time is the reciprocal of the selected resolution (for Option 031, frequency C, the gate time is four times the reciprocal of resolution).

Gate Time Range: 1  $\mu s$  to 10 s (4  $\mu s$  to 40 s for Option 031, frequency C). Minimum signal burst measureable is 8 µs.

Gate Output: Rear Panel output, TTL levels. High when counter gate is open.

Check Signal: Place function switch in Freq. A and input section in check (CHK) — counter displays  $100 \,\mathrm{MHz} \pm 1 \,\mathrm{count}$ , Time Base Output: Rear panel output, TTL levels.

Time Base (Standard):

Frequency: 10 MHz \*\*Aging Rate: <3 × 10-7/month

Temperature:  $<2.5 \times 10^{-6}$ , 0 to 50°C, ref. to 25°C.

Line Voltage: <1 × 10-7 for 10% change

Ext Freq 5td Input: Input: 30 kHz to 10 MHz signal of amplitude >1.0 V rms into 1 kΩ. Maximum Input: 5 V p-p. Input other than 10 MHz will give scaled readings. External frequency standard must be 10 MHz for Period Average, Time Interval Average, Period (N = 1) and Time Interval (N = 1).

Trigger Lights: Light is on when input is above trigger level; off when input is below trigger level; blinking when channel is triggering. Operates over frequencies from 0 to 100 MHz.

Marker Outputs: Channel A and B Schmitt trigger outputs available on front panel. NOMINALLY 0 mV to ±300 mV levels into 50 $\Omega$ ; <20 ns delay; outputs protected to  $\pm$ 5 V DC.

Arm: Rear Panel Switch turns arming ON or OFF. With arming ON, the measurement is armed by an input other than the input involved in the measurement. The following are armed by an event at B: freq A, Period A, Period Avg A, Freq C, DVM and Ratio C/A. The following are armed by an event at C: T.I.  $A \rightarrow B$ ; T.I. Avg  $A \rightarrow B$ ; and Ratio H/A.

### **HP-IB INTERFACE**

HP-IB interface provides both digital output of measurement data ("talker"), as well as remote control inputs ("listener"), on the HP-IB,

Programmable Functions: Function, resolution, sample rate (maximum or manual control), arming, display modes, measurement modes, output mode, and reset commands. Trigger level, trigger slope, input impedance, coupling, separate/ common/check, invert A and B. Trigger level is programmable in 10 mV steps in × 1; 100 mV in × 10. Trigger level accuracy under remote control in \* 1: ± 35 mV.

HP-IB Commands: Unlisten, untalk, local lockout, device clear, serial poll enable, serial poll disable, go to local, selected device clear, and group execute trigger.

Service Request (SRQ): If enabled, indicates end of measurement. Maximum Data Output Rate: 500 readings per second.

Operating Temperature: 0° to 50°C,

Power Requirements: 100/120/220/240 V rms, +5%, -10% |Switch selectable); 48-66 Hz; 150 VA Max.

Accessories Furnished: Power cord Weight: Net 8.5 kg (18 lb., 12 oz.) Shipping 11.2 kg (24 lb., 12 oz.)

## TIME BASE OPTION

OPTION 010 - High Stability Time Base (Oven)

Frequency: 10 MHz

Aging Rate: <5 × 10-10/day after 24 hour warm up Short Term: <1 × 10-10 rms for 1 s averaging time

Temperature:  $<7 \times 10^{-9}$  0° to 50°C Line Voltage: <5 × 10-9 for 10% variation Warm Up:  $<5 \times 10^{-9}$  in 20 minutes

### DIGITAL VOLTMETER OPTION

Trigger levels of input channels A and B and external voltages. may be measured with DVM Option 021.

OPTION 021 — High Performance Digital Voltmeter\*\*\* Ranges:  $\pm 10$ ,  $\pm 100$ ,  $\pm 1000$  V DC and autoranging Full Range Display Resolution (1 sec. Meas. Time):

4 1000,00 V DC

± 125,000 V DC

± 12.5000 V DC

Sensitivity:

10  $\mu$ V for measurement time of 10 s (N = 107) 100  $\mu$ V for measurement time of 1 s (N = 106)

1 mV for measurement time of 100 ms (N = 105)

10 mV for measurement time of 10 ms (N = 104)

100mV for measurement time of 1 ms (N = 103)

Accuracy (20 Min. Warm Up):  $\pm 0.03\%$  of reading,  $\pm 0.004\%$  of range. For 1000 V range: ± 0.087% of reading, ±0.004% of range.

Temperature Coefficient:  $\pm 0.002\%$  of reading/°C,  $\pm 0.001\%$  of range/°C.

Response Time (Filter Olf, Step Input): 10 ms Input: 10 MO NOMINAL, floating pair

Maximum Input:

High to Low: ± 1100 V all ranges Low to Chassis Ground: ± 500 V

Normal Mode Rejection Ratio: >80 dB at 50 Hz or greater, with filter on.

Effective Common Mode Rejection Ration (1kΩ Unbalance): DC: >120 dB

AC: >120 dB for multiples of 50/60 Hz with filter on

Trigger Level Display (x 1):

Resolution: 1 mV

Accuracy: 4% of reading ± 25 mV (NOMINAL)

Note — Readings are automatically multiplied by attenuator setting

\*\*\* Performance: 60 days at 23°C ± 5°C and R.H. <80%.

## C CHANNEL OPTION

OPTION 031 - 1300 MHz C Channel

INPUT CHARACTERISTICS
Sensitivities 20 mV cms

Sensitivity: 20 mV rms

Coupling: AC

Trigger Level: 0 V NOMINAL, fixed Impedance: 500 NOMINAL Maximum Input: 5 V rms, ± 5 V DC Input Protection: Fused input

Attenuator: AGC and variable attenuator for optimum noise

suppression on signals to 5 V rms.

FREQUENCY C MEASUREMENT

Range: 90 to 1300 MHz, prescaled by 4

LSD\*\* Displayed: 1 MHz to 0.1 Hz in decade steps

Resolution: Same as LSD\*\*

Accuracy: ± Resolution ± Time Base Error × Frequency

GENERAL

Probe Power: Power to operate 10855A or HP active probe is

available on the front panel.

# NOTES/DEFINITIONS

Trigger Error;

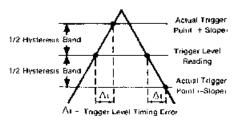
Trigger Error = 1.4 .  $\sqrt{e_i^2 + e_n^2}$ 

Input Voltage Slew Rate at Trigger Point Where e: = Effective rms noise of counter's input channel (300 µV TYPICAL)

 $e_n = rms$  noise voltage of input signal for a 100 MHz bandwidth

**Note** — The above assumes that both start and stop signal slew rates are the same.

# Trigger Level and Trigger Point (x 1):



Trigger Level Timing Error (x 1): Trigger Level

Timing Error as it applies to Time Interval measurements:

1/2 Hysterisis Band
[Input slew rate at START trigger point]

 $\pm \frac{1/2 \text{ Hysterisis Band}}{|\text{Input slew rate at STOP trigger point}|}$ 

Time Interval Averaging:

Time Interval Averaging is a statistical process. Resolution is calculated for a 2 Sigma (n) confidence level.

### Dimensions:

